## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A method <u>of operation of a logical unit to facilitate</u> for secure communication between first and second domains comprising:

receiving an encrypted data transmission over an outbound proxy from a security client disposed in the first domain:

identifying a sender of an the encrypted data transmission received from a logical unit using a personal identifier associated with the data transmission;

determining whether the sender is authorized to perform the data transmission; determining whether the data transmission is recognized;

decrypting the data transmission if it is determined that the <u>data transmission is</u> recognized and the sender is authorized to perform the data transmission; and

transmitting the decrypted data <u>transmission</u> to <u>an application</u> server <u>disposed in the second domain.</u>

- 2. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the personal identifier is one of a biometric and a digital signature.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein determining whether the sender is authorized to perform the data transmission includes checking an access control list to determine the sender's privilege level.
- 4. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising preventing the data transmission from reaching the application server if it is determined that the data transmission is not recognized and the sender is not authorized to perform the data transmission function.

- 5. (original) The method of claim 1 further comprising enhancing the data transmission prior to sending the data transmission.
  - (currently amended) An article of manufacture comprising:

a computer usable medium having computer readable program code embodied therein for securely transmitting data from a trusted domain to an untrusted domain comprising:

computer readable program code for causing a first logical unit to receive an enhanced data transmission over an outbound proxy from a second logical unit;

first computer readable program code for causing a the first logical unit to identify a sender of an the enhanced data transmission received from a second logical unit;

computer readable program code for causing the first logical unit to determine whether the enhanced data transmission is recognized;

computer readable program code for <u>causing the first logical unit to determining</u> <u>determine</u> whether the sender is authorized to perform the <u>enhanced</u> data transmission; and

computer readable program code for causing the first logical unit to de-enhance the data transmission if it is determined that the enhanced data transmission is recognized and that the sender is authorized to perform the enhanced data transmission; and

computer readable program code for causing the first logical unit to send the <u>deenhanced</u> data <u>transmission</u> to a third logical unit.

- 7. (original) The article of manufacture of claim 6 wherein the data in the enhanced data is encrypted.
- 8. (original) The article of manufacture of claim 6 wherein enhanced data includes biometrically secured data.
- 9. (original) The article of manufacture of claim 6 further comprising computer readable program code for causing the first logical unit to determine a

privilege level of the sender by searching an access control list that contains the sender's privilege level.

(original) The article of manufacture of claim 6 further comprising program 10. code for preventing the data from reaching the third logical unit if it is determined that the sender is not authorized to transmit the data.

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- 11. (currently amended) A logical unit programmed to facilitate secure communication between first and second domains comprising:
- a processor programmed to receive enhanced data transmitted from a first logical unit and to identify the sender of the enhanced data, said processor including a plurality of proxies, at least one of the plurality of proxies corresponding to an outbound proxy of the first logical unit;

an access control list stored in a memory location including including access rights for the sender;

said processor further being programmed to query said access control list to determine whether the sender has sufficient rights to perform the data transmission. said processor being further programmed to de enhance the data and to transmit the data to the second domain when it is determined that the sender has sufficient rights to perform data transmission.

- 12. (currently amended) A logical system for secure communication between first and second domains:
- a first logical unit configured to enhance data and to transmit the enhanced data through an outbound proxy across the first secure domain:
- a second logical unit having a plurality of proxies, at least one of the plurality of proxies corresponding to the outbound proxy of the first logical unit, said second logical unit being configured to receive data from said first logical unit, said second logical unit defining a boundary between the first domain and the second domain, said second logical unit being further configured to identify a sender of the enhanced data, to determine whether the sender has sufficient rights to perform the data transmission,

said processor being further configured to de-enhance the data and to transmit the data to a logical unit in the second domain when it is determined that the sender has sufficient rights to perform data transmission.

- (new) The method of claim 1 wherein determining whether the data 13. transmission is recognized includes comparing proxies contained in said first logical unit to the outbound proxy of the security client.
- 14. (new) The logical unit of claim 11 wherein said processor is further programmed to de-enhance the data and to transmit the de-enhanced data to a logical unit in one of the first and second domains.